VII. Disability Benefits Programs

As a member of the California STRS DB Plan, you have disability protection under one of STRS disability benefit programs. If you are unable to work because of illness or injury and meet eligibility requirements, you may be entitled to disability benefits until you recover.

Disability benefits are available to you if you meet eligibility requirements and you have a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that prevents you from performing your usual job or comparable duties. The impairment must be permanent, or expected to last at least twelve continuous months. Comparable duties are those for which you are qualified or can become qualified within a reasonable period of time with education, training, or experience.

Regional Counseling Services Before you file for disability benefits, STRS suggests you see a STRS Regional Counselor. Counselors can explain the facts you should consider before making any

decisions. When scheduling an interview, inform the schedule coordinator that you wish to discuss disability application. If you are 55 or older and have 25 years or more of service credit, it is especially important that you consult with a STRS Regional Counselor before completing a disability application, in order to compare the differences between disability and service retirement benefits.

For a list of Regional Counseling Centers, refer to Section X, General Information.

Reasonable Accommodation

Sometimes adjustments in the work environment can enable a member to continue working. Federal and state laws require employers to make reasonable adjustments for employees. Making such adjustments is known as "reasonable accommodation." STRS may also require you to request reasonable accommodation from your employer.

Examples of reasonable accommodation include employing a teacher's aide, changing your grade level or subject assignment, improving your classroom or parking assignment, relieving you from yard duty, and assigning you to other positions for which you may be qualified.

If you have questions about reasonable accommodation, contact your school district, or call STRS at 1-800-228-5453 or (916) 229-3870 to select message #401, or talk to

Public Service staff.





Filing a Disability Benefit Application

How

You can request a disability application packet from the STRS Sacramento office. Call Teletalk at 1-800-228-5453 or write to STRS at the address shown in Section X, General Information. Include your Social Security number with your request. All application documents should be sent by certified mail with a return receipt requested.

When

You can file an application while you are working, on sick leave, or receiving differential pay benefits from your employer.

STRS encourages you not to wait until all benefits are exhausted before filing for disability benefits.

The effective date of disability benefits cannot be earlier than the first day of the month the application is received at the STRS office in Sacramento, and must be later than the last day of service for which you are paid. If your application is approved, payment will be made retroactive to your effective date.

How long does it take to process a claim?

The length of processing time varies with individual cases. Medical information, including additional professional opinions, may be required to make a final determination. You can help STRS by filing a complete application, including relevant physician and hospital reports, and promptly providing any other required documentation.

Information you may be asked to provide

If you believe you are eligible to file for benefits, you will need to provide information, including medical records, hospital reports, and a vocational profile questionnaire completed by your employer. You are responsible for any fees charged for providing information to STRS.

If additional medical information is necessary, an Independent Medical Examination (IME) may be scheduled for you. STRS will notify you if this is necessary, and STRS will pay for the IME and any reasonable related costs.

Independent Vocational Evaluation

An Independent Vocational Evaluation may be required to determine if you can perform your essential core duties at a "comparable level." Duties of a comparable level are defined as any job that a member may be qualified to perform, that will provide earnings of 66 2/3 percent or more of your indexed final compensation.

The Independent Vocational Evaluation usually begins with an interview with a vocational consultant. The consultant will discuss your job history and residual functional capabilities and limitations. Your employer may be interviewed to determine if your job can be modified, and to see if reasonable accommodation would allow you to continue working.

Notification

You will receive written notification once STRS reaches a decision on your disability application.

If you are still working in a position requiring STRS membership at the time of approval, you must cease on-the-job employment before STRS can begin paying your benefits. Notification of your approval will also be sent to your employer.

You should receive your first disability payment within 45 days after all necessary information is received. The payment will include any retroactive disability payment amounts due.

After receipt of this first payment, you will receive a regular disability payment on or about the first day of each month.

Special Approval Conditions

Prescribed Treatment Program

If your disability is amenable to treatment that could allow you to perform your usual duties or those of a comparable level, you may be required to participate in a Prescribed Treatment Program developed by your attending physician.

Limited-Term Disability Benefits

If your condition is expected to improve with mental, physical, or vocational rehabilitation, you may be approved for limited-term disability benefits.

A limited-term approval is also appropriate when you are in the process of recovering from willful substance abuse.

These benefits are granted for a specific time period. STRS can renew them if your condition does not improve.

Vocational Rehabilitation Program The STRS Rehabilitation Program provides a variety of services to disabled members.

If STRS determines that you are a potential candidate for the Rehabilitation Program, an Independent Vocational Evaluation will be conducted to assess your current capabilities and limitations. The consultant will also discuss your career interests and help you to develop a rehabilitation plan with the goal of obtaining comparable level employment.

You are required to make a good faith effort in developing a rehabilitation plan.

Upon development and approval of your plan, STRS will pay reasonable costs for tuition, fees, books and supplies related to a college or vocational training program, transportation, job placement assistance, and other activities that prepare you to return to comparable level employment.

Your allowance will not be terminated if your medical condition worsens and you cannot continue your vocational rehabilitation program.

Disapproval and Right to Appeal

If your disability application is not approved, you will receive a letter explaining the reasons.

You can appeal this decision within 90 days of the date of the letter by sending a written request to the STRS Legal Office.

If you have reached age 55 or older at the time disability benefits are denied, information about service retirement will also be sent to you. You may apply for and receive a service retirement allowance while you appeal the disability decision.

Who hears the appeal?

• Office of Administrative Hearings

Appeals are processed through the Office of Administrative Hearings, a governmental agency independent of STRS.

You may represent yourself or hire an attorney to represent you at the hearing. An Administrative Law Judge hears all evidence related to the case and issues a proposed decision to the Teachers' Retirement Board.

Teachers' Retirement Board
 The Board can adopt or reject the decision of the Administrative Law Judge. If you are dissatisfied with the decision of the Teachers' Retirement Board, you can appeal the Board's decision to a Superior Court.

Steps in the Disability Process

- Request an application packet from STRS.
- Send the application and any pertinent documents to STRS, certified mail, return receipt requested.
- STRS receives and acknowledges receipt of your disability application and other documents you submit.
- STRS reviews application and your eligibility status and mails medical requests and other necessary documents to you.





- STRS awaits receipt of information and sends follow up requests for missing documents.
- STRS will notify you if an Independent Medical Examination and/or Independent Vocational Evaluation needs to be scheduled.
- STRS reviews all data on file and determines approval or disapproval.
- All cases recommended for disapproval and some complex cases receive quality oversight by staff.
- STRS sends notification of decision to you.

Coverage A or Coverage B

You are protected for disability under either Coverage A, Disability Allowance or Coverage B, Disability Retirement.

If you became a STRS member after October 15, 1992, you are protected under Coverage B. If you became a STRS member before that date, you were offered the choice of either Coverage A or Coverage B.

Your Annual Statement of Account will show which disability coverage you have, or, if you are not certain of your coverage, you can call STRS Public Service at 1-800-228-5453 or (916) 229-3870.

Coverage A Disability Allowance Program

The information in this section is for individuals who became members of STRS before October 16, 1992, and did not elect Coverage B. If you elected Coverage B, see page 52.

A member receiving Disability Allowance, Coverage A, is *not* considered retired. You will remain an "active" member of STRS and continue to accrue service credit toward retirement while you are receiving a STRS disability allowance. The allowance will continue to be paid as long as you remain disabled or until you reach age 60. At age 60, the disability allowance will be terminated, and you will be eligible to apply for service retirement. A disability allowance may continue beyond age 60 only if you have eligible children and remain disabled.

Eligibility Requirements

To apply for a disability allowance you must meet the following requirements:

- Age You must be under age 60.
- Service credit
 You must have five or more years of credited service, and four of the five years of credit must be for actual service in a position requiring STRS membership.
 At least one year of service must have been earned after the date of your most recent reinstatement to membership from Service Retirement, or your most recent refund of accumulated contributions (if applicable)

and

Your last five years of credited service must have been performed in California.

Coverage A Disability Allowance, Formulas How is the disability allowance calculated?

Regular Calculation—The disability allowance for most applicants is 50 percent of final compensation.

Final compensation for a full-time employee is generally the highest average monthly compensation earnable by a member during any period of three consecutive years (36 consecutive months) of credited service.

For periods of part-time employment (i.e., hourly, substitute, daily salaries), final compensation may be computed using actual salary earned during that period. Contact STRS for more information.

Alternative Formula—An alternative formula is used for members who have less than 10 years of service credit and who become disabled between the ages of 45 and 60. The disability allowance formula for these members is 5 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

Example 1:

If you qualify for a disability benefit at age 50 with five years of service credit, you would receive an allowance of 25 percent of final compensation. If your final compensation is \$3,600 a month, your disability allowance would be calculated as follows:

5 percent x 5 years of service credit

= 25 percent

25 percent x \$3,600 = \$900

(final compensation)

Example 2:

If you have nine years of service credit, your allowance would be calculated at 45 percent of final compensation.

5 percent x 9 years of service credit

= 45 percent

45 percent x \$3,600 = \$1,620 (final compensation)

Will receipt of other benefits affect the STRS disability allowance?

Yes. Your monthly STRS allowance, including the amount received for a dependent child, will be reduced by the full amount paid or payable from other public systems. Children's benefits will not be affected.

Other public systems include:

- Workers' Compensation
- · Social Security disability
- · Federal military disability
- Income protection plans (if premiums were paid by the school employer, not by the member), and any other disability program financed with public funds.

Will the allowance be increased for dependent children?

Yes, if you have eligible children you will receive an additional 10 percent of final compensation for each child, up to a maximum of four children (or 40 percent). The maximum allowance payable to a member is 90 percent of final compensation.

A child is eligible if, on the date of the disability allowance, he or she is:

- the natural, adopted or stepchild of the member, and not adopted by a person other than the member's spouse,
- born within the 10-month period commencing on the effective date of the member's disability allowance,
- under age 22,
- financially dependent upon the member

Disability Allowance Worksheet

Final compensation must be determined before the monthly disability allowance can be calculated. Service credit is not a factor in the determination of the disability allowance, except when determining the monthly allowance under Coverage A when a member has less than 10 years of service credit and is between the ages of 45 and 60.

Disability Allowance Examples

Example 1: 50 percent Formula

Charles is granted disability benefits with a benefit effective date of July 1. He has 14 years of service credit. Charles has one eligible child and he receives \$300 a month from Workers' Compensation.

Step A: Final CompensationHighest 36 consecutive months Earnable Salary



7/I/94 to 6/30/95 (12 mo)	\$ 42,430.00
7/I/93 to 6/30/94 (12 mo)	\$ 39,850.00
7/I/92 to 6/30/93 (12 mo)	\$37,700.00
(36 mo)	\$119,980.00
	= \$119,980
	÷ 36 Months
Final Compensation	= \$3,332.78





Step B: Calculate Disability Allowance



1. Final compensation x 50% (\$3,332.78 x 50%) =	1,666.39
2. Less benefit payable from another public system = (Workers' Compensation)	-300.00
3. Eligible children (1 child @ 10%) (10% x \$3,332.77) =	333.28
4. Monthly allowance before offset for other public benefit = \$1,999.67	
5. Adjusted monthly allowance = \$	1,699.67

Example 2: Alternative Formula

Sharon is granted disability benefits with a benefit effective date of January 1. She has service credit of 8.072 years and is between age 45 and 60. She has 2 eligible children and receives \$300 a month from Workers' Compensation.

Step A: Final Compensation

Highest 36 consecutive months Earnable Salary

7/I/95–12/31/95 (6 mo)	\$20,950.02
7/I/93–6/30/94 (12 mo)	\$39,256.00
7/I/92–6/30/93 (12 mo)	\$36,624.00
1/I/92-6/30/92 (6 mo)	\$17,265.00
(36 mo)	\$114,095.02
	\$114,095.02
	÷ 36 Months
Final Compensation =	\$3,169.31

Step B: Calculate Disability Benefit



- ·	
Number of years of service credit	8.072
2. Service Credit x 5% x Final Compensation (8.072 x 5% x \$3,169.31)	\$1,279.13
3. Eligible children (2 x 10% x \$3,169.31)	\$633.86
4. Monthly allowance before offset for other public benef	it = \$1,912.99
5. Less allowance payable from other public system = (Workers' Compensation)	-300

6. Adjusted Monthly Allowance = \$1,612.99

Earnings Limits

How much income can I earn and still receive a disability allowance?

You are allowed to earn money while receiving a disability allowance. STRS recognizes that it can be useful for you to begin with part-time or limited employment as you return to teaching or other employment.

The law establishes two separate earnings limits for members receiving a disability allowance: a single-month earnings limit and a six-month earnings limit. The earnings limits are initially based on your "final compensation."

Each year an index-factor, developed from the average salary increase of all STRS active members, is used to determine "indexed final compensation." Indexed final compensation serves as a measure of current salaries.

Single-Month Earnings Limit

The sum of your base disability allowance, plus your earnings from all employment, is compared to your indexed final compensation. A comparison is made to determine if your earnings have exceeded the single-month earnings limit.

This example is based on a member who has a base disability allowance of \$1,500.00 and employment earnings of \$2,075.00 in a single month. The member's employment earnings plus the base disability allowance exceed 100 percent of indexed final compensation (\$3,100.00). The amount of this overpayment (\$475.00) must be recovered by STRS.

\$1,500.00	(base disability allowance)	
+2,075.00	(monthly employment earnings)	
\$3,575.00	(total monthly income)	
-3,100.00	(indexed final compensation)	
\$ 475.00	(overpayment)	

Six-Month Earnings Limit

STRS makes a separate calculation which compares your earnings to 66 2/3 percent of your indexed final compensation. This example is based on a member earning \$2,075.00 monthly from employment earnings over any continuous six-month period. Because the member is able to earn 66 2/3 percent of the indexed final compensation from employment earnings over any continuous six-month period, he or she is no longer considered disabled and consequently no longer eligible to receive a disability allowance. Any allowance payments made after this period will be recovered by STRS.

\$ 3,100.00	(indexed final compensation)	
х .66667	(66 2/3%)	
х 6	(months)	
\$ 12,400.06	06 (6 mo. earnings limit)	
\$ 2,075.00	(monthly employment earnings)	
х 6	(months)	
\$ 12,450.00	\$ 12,450.00 (6 mo. employment earnings)	
-\$12,400.06	-\$12,400.06 (6 mo. earnings limit)	
\$ 49.94	(earnings in excess of 6 mo. earnings)	

Excess Earnings

If you are enrolled in an approved STRS vocational rehabilitation plan, 50 percent of the amount earned in excess of the indexed final compensation will be deducted from your disability allowance.

Annual Report of Earnings

You are required to provide an annual report of your gross earnings to STRS. The Employment Development Department (EDD) and your employer provide verification of the earnings you report to STRS.

Periodic Review of Status

STRS will review your medical and vocational status for continuing eligibility from time to time. This review may include:

- periodic medical reports from your doctor
- your annual earnings, from all employment, if any
- an annual inquiry regarding other disability benefits

You should notify STRS if:

- you return to employment or become self employed
- you change your address
- benefits you receive from another public agency change
- · your child is married

It is important that you keep STRS informed of events that may affect your benefit eligibility so that overpayment of benefits does not occur.

Pre-Retirement Election of an Option

You are not required to cancel a preretirement election of an option in order to be eligible for a disability allowance. In addition, after reaching age 55, you may make a pre-retirement election of an option while receiving a disability allowance. (A family allowance will not be payable if there is a preretirement election of an option in effect.)

This election is available if you want to ensure a monthly lifetime income to another person should you die prior to retirement. (See Section V, What to Consider Before Retirement, for more information regarding pre-retirement election of an option.)

Conversion to Service Retirement What happens when I reach age 60?

Approximately six months before your sixtieth birthday*, STRS will notify you of the pending termination of the disability allowance and your eligibility to apply for Service Retirement.

^{*} For members with dependent children, termination of the disability allowance is postponed until the children are no longer eligible.





The notification will include an estimate of the unmodified service retirement allowance you are eligible to receive and a service retirement application packet.

Before calculating your service retirement allowance, STRS will project your service credit through the duration of your disability. The final compensation used for the disability allowance will be projected forward at the rate of two percent per year. Your retirement allowance will be calculated using your actual and projected service credit and projected final compensation. You will receive either the service retirement allowance or the disability allowance you had been receiving prior to your sixtieth birthday, whichever is less.

You may also elect to modify the service retirement allowance by choosing one of the available options.

For more information, call STRS automated telephone system at 1-800-228-5453 and select message #426.

Coverage B
Disability
Retirement Program

The information in this section is for members who joined STRS after October 15, 1992, and for individuals who elected Disability Retirement, Coverage B, during the election held between October 1992–April 1993.

Note:A member receiving a disability retirement allowance is considered retired. Your allowance will continue to be paid as long as you remain disabled, without respect to age. Upon return to full-time employment, or if you are found to be no longer disabled, your disability retirement allowance will be terminated, and you will be reinstated to membership.

Eligibility Requirements

To apply for a disability retirement allowance, you must meet the following requirements:

- Age
 There are no restrictions.
- Service credit
 You must have five or more years of
 credited service. Four of the five years of
 credit must be for actual service in a
 position requiring STRS membership.

At least one year of service credit must have been earned after the date of your most recent reinstatement to membership:

1) after receiving a disability allowance 2) following a service retirement or 3) following the most recent refund of your accumulated contributions.

Your last five years of credited service must have been performed in California.

Concurrent Retirement

You may be eligible to retire concurrently with another pension system such as the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) or the University of California Retirement System. To qualify, you must be fully vested in STRS and meet all of the STRS requirements. For purposes of computing final compensation, you may use the salary(ies) from employment under the other System, if it is higher than your STRS salary.

Option Beneficiary

An option is a plan feature that allows you to choose to redistribute your disability retirement allowance over both your lifetime and the lifetime of a beneficiary you choose. An option provides a modified retirement allowance based on a percentage of the unmodified allowance level. At the time you retire for disability, you may elect an option if you wish to have a beneficiary receive a monthly income after your death. The amount of your modified allowance will depend upon your age and the age of your option beneficiary on your disability retirement effective date.

Option tables for disability are not included in this handbook. For an estimate of your allowance and the allowance of your beneficiary under each of the options, STRS recommends you contact a Regional Counselor.

(See Section VI, Service Retirement, for more information on Options, or Section X, General Information, for Regional Counselor locations and telephone numbers.)

Coverage B Disability Retirement Formula How is the disability retirement allowance calculated?

The disability retirement allowance formula is 50 percent of final compensation. This is also referred to as the "unmodified" allowance.

Final compensation for a full-time employee is generally the highest average monthly compensation earnable by a member during any period of three consecutive years (36 consecutive months) of credited service. One-year final compensation is available for eligible classroom teachers provided it has been included in a written collective bargaining agreement, and all costs are paid by the employer, the employee, or a combination of the two. (See page 29 for non-consecutive final compensation and one-year final compensation.)

An unmodified allowance is usually the highest monthly allowance available to a disability retired member. Upon your death, the unmodified allowance will stop. It does *not* provide for a monthly income to a survivor after your death.

Will receipt of other benefits affect the STRS disability retirement allowance?

Yes, your monthly STRS allowance will be reduced by the full amount paid or payable from Workers' Compensation. Children's benefits will not be affected.

Will the allowance be increased for dependent children?

Yes. If you have eligible children you will receive an additional 10 percent of final compensation for each child, up to a maximum of four children or 40 percent. The maximum allowance payable to a member is 90 percent of final compensation.

To qualify, your child must be financially dependent upon you on the effective date of your disability retirement allowance, and a child must be under age 21. The payment for children will continue until they are age 21, even upon your death.

When your child no longer meets the eligibility requirements, the monthly allowance will no longer include the child's increment.

Disability Retirement Allowance Worksheet

Final compensation must be determined before your monthly allowance can be calculated. Service credit is not a factor in the determination of the disability retirement allowance.

If you have selected a disability retirement option, your unmodified allowance will be adjusted, depending on the option you have chosen.

Disability Retirement Examples Example 1:

Jack is granted benefits with an effective date of September 1. He has three eligible dependent children. He has elected to receive an unmodified allowance.

Step A: Final CompensationHighest 36 consecutive months Earnable Salary



7/I/96-8/31/96 (2 mo)	\$ 5,727.30
7/I/95–6/30/96 (12 mo)	\$33,099.00
7/I/94–6/30/95 (12 mo)	\$30,375.60
9/I/93-6/30/94 (10 mo)	\$24,908.30
(36 mo)	\$94,110.20
	÷ 36 months
Final Compensation =	\$2,614.17





Step B: Calculate Disability Retirement Allowance



1. Final Compensation x 50% x Unmodified Allowance (\$2,614.17 x 50% x \$1,307.09)

2. Allowance payable from Workers' Compensation

- \$N/A

3. Number of Eligible children

\$784.25

(3 x 10% x \$2,614.17)

4. Adjusted Monthly Allowance

\$2,091.34

Earnings Limit

You are allowed to earn money while receiving a disability retirement allowance. STRS recognizes that it can be useful to begin with limited employment as you return to teaching or other employment.

However, your earnings from all types of employment, including self-employment, are subject to an earnings limit, unless you are enrolled in an approved rehabilitation plan.

There is no earnings limit if you are enrolled in an approved rehabilitation plan.

How much income can I earn and still receive a disability retirement allowance?

As of July 1, 1997, the limit on earnings is \$18,300 per calendar year. Each July 1, the earnings limit is adjusted to reflect specified increases. STRS notifies employers and members retired for disability of each year's earnings limit.

Your STRS disability retirement allowance will be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the total amount of earnings from all employment in excess of the limit.

You will be asked to provide STRS with an annual report of your gross earnings from all employment. The Employment Development Department (EDD) and your employer(s) verify the reported earnings.

Periodic Review of Status

STRS will review your medical and vocational status for continuing eligibility from time to time. This review may include periodic medical reports from your doctor, your annual earnings, if any, and an annual inquiry about other disability benefits. You should notify STRS if you return to employment or become self-employed; if you change your address; or benefits you receive from workers' compensation change. It is important that you keep STRS informed of events that may affect your benefit eligibility so that overpayment of benefits does not occur.